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## **SEC Aims to Exclude Municipal Advisors from its Pay-to-Play Rule.**

WASHINGTON - The Securities and Exchange Commission has announced it intends to issue an order that will allow municipal advisors to be excluded under its pay-to-play rule for investment advisers because they are now covered under a revised Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board rule.

The SEC's pay-to-play rule, which is found in Rule 206(4)-5 under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, prohibits an investment advisor from providing advisory services for compensation to a government client for two years after the advisor or certain of its executives or employees make a contribution to elected officials or candidates who can influence the award of advisory business.

According to the SEC filing, the order will be issued unless the commission holds a hearing. Any interested individuals can request a hearing by writing to the commission's secretary by 5:30 p.m. on Sept. 19.

Municipal advisors, which are now included in the MSRB's pay-to-play rule, can only be excluded under the SEC's rule if the commission finds, by order, that the MSRB's revised Rule G-37 on political contributions imposes substantially equivalent or more stringent restrictions on municipal advisors as the SEC pay-to-play rule imposes on investment advisers. It also must find that the revised MSRB rule is consistent with the objectives of the SEC pay-to-play rule.

Under the MSRB's revised rule, municipal advisors, similarly to dealers, are now barred from engaging in municipal advisory business with an issuer for two years if the firm, one of its professionals, or a political action committee controlled by either the firm or an associated professional, makes significant contributions to an issuer official who can influence the award of municipal advisory business.

The revised rule contains a de minimis provision like the original rule for dealers. It allows a municipal finance professional or municipal advisor professional to give a contribution of up to \$250 per election to any candidate for whom he or she can vote without triggering the two-year ban.

The SEC's filing lists six examples of how the rules are substantially similar, including the two-year ban on engaging in muni business after a contribution and the prohibition on MAs and their professionals from soliciting contributions, or coordinating contributions, to certain municipal officials with which the MA is engaging or is seeking to engage in muni business.

The SEC and MSRB are currently in a legal dispute with three Republican state groups after the groups claimed the revised MSRB rule violates securities professionals' constitutional rights to free speech by making them choose between contributing to candidates and doing their jobs. The SEC has filed a motion to have the case dismissed during the last two months but a judge has not issued an order on the commission's motion yet.

The SEC's pay-to-play rule was also subject to a legal challenge from two of the three groups but that lawsuit was thrown out after a three-judge panel ruled the Republican groups failed to follow

proper appeals procedures.

## **The Bond Buyer**

By Jack Casey

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